

feared that a sudden and sweeping transfer of farms to poor peasant families—most of whom can't afford modern equipment—might result in a sharp drop-off in the country's farm production.

Communist influence in the Philippines is presently at a minimum. A force of Red guerrillas which took up arms against the government in the late 1940's was completely wiped out by 1955.

1965 Elections. The next national election will be held a year from this November. President Macapagal plans to run for a second term. He will probably be opposed by the present Vice President, Emmanuel Pelaez.

Pelaez has been sharply critical of Macapagal's semi-partnership with Sukarno. He feels that the Philippines should come out against Indonesia's aggressive policies. There appear to be few other major campaign issues, at least at the present time. Both men are good friends of the United States and want to maintain close ties with our country.

—By TIM COSS

Pronunciations

Carlos Garcia—kär'lōs gār-sā
Diosdado Macapagal—dē'ōs-dā'dō
mā-kā'pā-gāl'
Emilio Aguinaldo—ā-mē'lyō ā'gā-nā'lō
Emmanuel Pelaez—ī-mā'nū-ēl' pē-lā'ēs
Manuel Quezon—mā-nwēl' kā'zōn
Ramon Magsaysay—rā-mōn' māg-sī-sī

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NOTE TO TEACHERS: Cut along this line if you wish to save the test for later use. This test covers the issues of January 27 to May 11, 1964, inclusive. Scoring: If grades are to be calculated on a percentage basis, we suggest that a deduction of 2 points be made for each wrong or omitted answer.

The American Observer Semester Test on National and World Affairs

I. NEWSMAKERS. For each of the following items, find the picture, at the bottom of the page, of the person identified and place the number of that picture on your answer sheet.

- King of Greece
- Prominent news columnist
- Premier of Italy
- President of Pakistan
- U. S. Senator from Georgia
- Spain's Chief of State
- President of Brazil

II. MULTIPLE CHOICE. In each of the following items, select the correct answer and write it on your answer sheet.

8. If the President dies and there is no Vice President to take over, who is now next in line? (A) President Pro Tempore of the Senate; (B) the Speaker of the House of Representatives; (C) Secretary of State; (D) Chief Justice of the U. S.

9. Which of these countries refuses to accept any further aid from the United States? (A) South Viet Nam; (B) Thailand; (C) Spain; (D) Cambodia.

10. What do Liechtenstein, Monaco, Andorra, and San Marino have in

common? (A) All are ruled by monarchs. (B) They are all members of the Common Market. (C) All were settled by Mongol conquerors. (D) They are among the world's smallest nations.

11. The National Education Association (NEA) has called for (A) the teaching of foreign languages to all pupils from kindergarten through high school; (B) 2 years of free advanced schooling beyond high school; (C) a free 4-year college education for all students; (D) a federal law setting salary scales for teachers.

12. French President de Gaulle vetoed Britain's membership in the Common Market mainly on the grounds that (A) British ties with the U. S. are too close; (B) France was mistreated by the British in World War II; (C) British products are not valuable to the Common Market trade; (D) Britain refused to lower any of her tariff barriers.

13. What are the 2 leading agricultural products of Central America? (A) coffee and sisal; (B) sugarcane and coconuts; (C) bananas and rice; (D) coffee and bananas.

14. In connection with our states' congressional voting districts, the Supreme Court recently ruled that (A) in each state, all such districts must be equal in area; (B) all state congressional voting districts must, as nearly as practicable, have the same number of residents; (C) the federal government can have no voice in the makeup of state voting districts; (D)

all states must now have at least 2 congressional districts and 2 U. S. representatives.

15. What is the chief reason behind this winter's outbreak of violence in the island nation of Cyprus? (A) age-old rivalry between citizens of Greek and Turkish origin; (B) disagreement on whether or not to join NATO; (C) big communist victories in parliamentary elections; (D) Britain's refusal to remove military bases from Cyprus.

16. The 1964 Republican and Democratic Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates are to be chosen (A) by the 2 parties' national committees; (B) by each party's U. S. representatives and senators; (C) through Presidential primaries held in all states; (D) at national conventions.

17. Immediately after World War II ended, the United States (A) began building up its military strength to combat Russia in the cold war; (B) helped to organize an international police force; (C) began rapidly disarming and demobilizing; (D) forced its World War II allies to disarm.

18. A point which disturbs many Canadians is that (A) the U. S. won't let any of its nuclear weapons be placed in Canada; (B) part of the Canadian-Alaska boundary is still in dispute; (C) over 40% of Canada's manufacturing industries are controlled by U. S. firms; (D) the U. S. rejects Canadian proposals for cooperation in river development along the Columbia River.

19. So far, experimental pay-TV projects in this country (A) have been very successful financially; (B) have attracted far more viewers than expected; (C) have not attracted enough paying customers to make a profit; (D) have failed because of inadequate equipment.

20. President Johnson seeks a new Cabinet-level department to handle (A) space efforts; (B) radio and television interests; (C) housing and community development programs; (D) medical research projects.

21. Over the past 5 years, major crimes in the U. S. have risen (A) far slower than our rate of population growth; (B) 4 times as fast as our growing population; (C) twice as fast as our population rise; (D) at a lower rate than during any other period of American history.

22. The United States recognizes what leader's government as legally representing all of China? (A) Mao Tse-tung; (B) Sun Yat-sen; (C) Chiang Kai-shek; (D) Hayato Ikeda.

23. For the first time, the U. S. reportedly moved ahead of the Soviet Union in rocket power with the successful launching of (A) Relay; (B) Gemini; (C) Geronimo; (D) Saturn.

24. What European nation continues to resist the independence efforts of its African colonies? (A) France; (B) Britain; (C) Russia; (D) Portugal.

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HAVE A HAPPY VACATION!

In accordance with our schedule, subscriptions for the current school year expire with this issue of the AMERICAN OBSERVER.

Teachers who have not already placed their tentative classroom orders for next fall may wish to do so now. Advance order post-cards have been sent out by our office for this purpose. By ordering now, teachers will automatically and without delay receive their copies of the AMERICAN OBSERVER at the beginning of the next school term, and they may then change, or cancel, their orders according to needs.

ELECTION-YEAR BONUS. Large, fact-filled wall chart of the Presidents—George Washington to Lyndon Johnson—will be sent free to each teacher ordering 15 or more copies of the AMERICAN OBSERVER. Best wishes to you for an enjoyable summer!

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III. COMPLETION. After the corresponding numbers on your answer sheet, write the word, name, or phrase that best completes the item.

25. _____ is the name commonly used for the proposed federal plan which would place hospital care for older people under social security.

26. The _____ is one of the chief weapons used by Senate minorities to delay or defeat bills they oppose.

27. This April, in the Latin American land of _____, military and political leaders ousted a President whom they accused of giving important government posts to communists.

28. Lester Pearson is Prime Minister of _____.

29. A U. S. region seriously troubled with poverty is centered in the _____ Mountains.

30. In factory production, _____ has a faster growth rate than any other West European country and one of the fastest in the entire world.

31. Since 1950, the largest portion of Uncle Sam's tax dollar has been used for _____ purposes.

32. The _____ Mountains divide Spain from Western Europe.

33. Most of the people in Pakistan are of the _____ religious faith.

34. French President de Gaulle's recent visit to _____ indicated that he wants to increase French influence in the Western Hemisphere.

35. _____ is our nation's second biggest killer in the list of serious diseases.

36. _____, or the use of machines to run and regulate other machines in factories and elsewhere,

is blamed for a great deal of unemployment.

IV. PLACES IN THE NEWS. Find the location of each of the following places on the adjoining map and write the number of that location after the proper item number on your answer sheet.

37. Leading agricultural nation in the Common Market.

38. Country whose King died in March.

39. More U. S. troops are stationed here than in any other overseas land.

40. Descendants of the Inca Indians have been seizing land once owned by their ancestors in this mountainous country.

41. This nation, in hope of getting support in its dispute with India, has been drawing closer to Red China.

42. Madrid is its capital.

43. Nation that temporarily broke diplomatic relations with the U. S. after a period of anti-American rioting in January.

44. Citizens of Greek and Turkish origin have been fighting each other in this strife-torn land.

45. On June 30, UN troops will withdraw from this country.

46. The United States' biggest trading partner.

47. The Common Market has its headquarters in the capital city of this country.

48. Nation which has the largest Communist Party in Western Europe.

49. This nation has already merged with Zanzibar, and may later join with Kenya and Uganda to form a new federation.

50. This nation recently ordered an end to contracts it had with U. S. firms for developing its oil deposits.



